STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

Merrimack, ss.	6 th Circuit-District Division-Concord No. 429-2021-03644			
)			
State of New Hampshire)			
))			
V.)			
Terese Grinnell	,)			
)			

<u>DEFENDANT'S OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO QUASH SUBPOENA OF</u> <u>GOVERNOR CHRISTOPHER T. SUNUNU</u>

NOW COMES the Defendant Terese Grinnell and moves that this Court Deny the Motion to Quash the Subpoena of Governor Christopher T. Sununu. As grounds therefore, Defendant says: 1) Governor Sununu is a material witness in this matter and on certain issues he is the primary witness and 2) video evidence of the proceedings and the Governor's actions strongly suggests that the decision to arrest the defendant (and others) was made and implemented by Governor Sununu prior to any alleged disruption giving rise to the charges in this matter.

In support of this Motion, Defendant attaches the Complaint and time stamped still photographs from a video of the incident and says:

- I. The Governor is the Prime Material Witness in the Case
- 1) The Complaint in this matter (attached as Exhibit 1) recites that the defendant caused a breach of the peace "by disrupting the orderly conduct of business of a Governor and Council Meeting." The Governor was the chair for this meeting (as abundantly demonstrated by the video of the proceedings) and therefore uniquely had the role to determine if, when and how a "disruption" occurred and to halt the meeting in the

event of a disruption. The Complaint further recites that "after receiving a warning from Governor Sununu ... that continued verbal disruptions would result in arrest, [Defendant] yell[ed] "Amen."

- 2) The video in this matter does not disclose anything that could be remotely characterized as a "disruption" by the defendant prior to her arrest and not only is there no audio of her yelling "Amen," but none of the persons seated around her react to any sound or so much as turn their heads. The meeting is not interrupted and proceeds without interruption as she is escorted away. Moreover, the video does not disclose any warning given by the Governor as recited in the Complaint.
- 3) Governor Sununu is uniquely situated to testify whether, when and how the meeting was disrupted, what (if anything) the defendant said, and why the meeting proceeded under his watch without interruption as the defendant was detained and led away.
- 4) None of the cases cited by the Attorney General are comparable to the above set of facts. In <u>Bogon v. City of Boston</u>, 489 F.3d 417 (1st Cir. 2007) plaintiffs in a civil suit brought a claim over a city inspection of a residential property and attempted to depose the Mayor of Boston who was not present for the inspection. The First Circuit accordingly ruled that the denial of the mayor's deposition testimony did not violate due process, but the Court did state:

"Depositions of high ranking officials may be permitted where the official has **first-hand knowledge related to the claim being litigated**. citing <u>Baine v. Gen. Motors</u> <u>Corp.</u>, 141 F.R.D. 332, 335 (M.D.Ala.1991); <u>Church of Scientology of Boston v. IRS</u>, 138 F.R.D. 9, 12 (D.Mass.1990); <u>Cmty. Fed. Sav. & Loan Ass'n v. Fed. Home Loan Bank</u> <u>Bd.</u>, 96 F.R.D. 619, 621 (D.D.C.1983) (emphasis supplied)

- Likewise, in <u>Fitzpatrick v. Secretary of State</u>, 440 N.W.2d 45 (Mich. App. 1989), a litigant brought suit over a ballot initiative and attempted to depose the Michigan Secretary of State. The Michigan Appeals Court sided with the Secretary of State and declared the general rule that if every litigant were to use process against department heads and high governmental officials it would be against the public interest because "ordinarily an agency head has <u>little or no knowledge of facts in a case</u>." (emphasis supplied) <u>Id</u>. at 617. In this criminal matter by contrast, the Governor is a direct material witness.
- The criminal matters cited by the Attorney General do not involve high ranking government officials. <u>United States v. Valenzeula-Bernal</u>, 458 U.S. 858 (1982), concerned the government's deportation of two illegal alien witnesses and their unavailability at trial. <u>Washington v. Texas</u>, 388 U.S. 14 (1967), concerned a state law preventing a defendant from calling a convicted co-defendant in a murder case. The Washington court in fact reversed the defendant's conviction on due process grounds because he was not permitted to compel the testimony of the witness. <u>Id</u>. at 17. The Court stated in relevant part:

"The right to offer the testimony of witnesses, and to compel their attendance, if necessary, is in plain terms the right to present a defense, the right to present the defendant's version of the facts as well as the prosecution's to the jury so it may decide where the truth lies. Just as an accused has the right to confront the prosecution's witnesses for the purpose of challenging their testimony, he has the right to present his own witnesses to establish a defense. This right is a fundamental element of due process of law."

- II. The Governor's Actions on Video Strongly Suggest that the Decision to Arrest the Defendant was Made and Initiated by Governor Sununu Prior to any act of the Defendant
- As the attached still shots from video of the event demonstrate, the roughly 1 minute time period prior to the detention of the defendant showed Governor Sununu engaged in text messaging, which is followed by a look and a nod to his right, a look and a nod to his left, and the police then converging on the defendant and she is escorted out of the room.
- 8) Exhibit 2, pages 1-5 depict screenshots of a video already provided to the State showing Governor Sununu removing his attention away from the meeting and towards his phone, in which he is subsequently shown typing and responding to what appear to be text communications. Take note of timestamps in the lower left hand corner of Exhibit 2.
- 9) Exhibit 2, pages 6-11 show Governor Sununu within seconds of text messaging giving a nod to his right, and a nod to his left to the police stationed on both sides of the room.
- 10) Exhibit 2, pages 12-15 show that within seconds of the nods, numerous police officers converge upon, confront, and escort Terese Grinnell. It should be noted that less than 30 seconds elapse between the beginning of Governor Sununu's nods and the detention of the Defendant.
- 11) The non-verbal communications of the Governor, followed immediately by the police converging upon the defendant even before she is alleged to said anything are highly material to the issues in this case and raise numerous issues including the credibility of the police witnesses. This is especially so where the high quality audio visual record of the proceedings does not reveal the defendant saying anything or anyone

reacting at all. Governor Sununu's testimony is potentially exculpatory for the defendant and as a matter of due process she should be allowed to compel his attendance.

Wherefore, for the forgoing reasons, the Motion to Quash should be denied.

Respectfully Submitted,

Terese Grinnell By her attorneys,

/s/ Bradford R. Stanton

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Ist William E. Gens

William E. Gens, pro hac vice Gens & Stanton, P.C. 12 Ericsson Street, 2nd Floor Boston, MA 02122 (617) 936-4591 billgens@genslawoffices.com

DATED: June 26, 2023

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this day a true copy of the above document was served upon the Office of the Attorney for the New Hampshire Department of Safety, Prosecutions Unit-Troop D by <u>E-mail</u> on:

DATE: **June 26, 2023** SPR

EXHIBIT 1

THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

	11.20.2	CC	DMPLAINT		ENGLIN CONCORD	
Case Number:	4292021	UK3644		Charge ID: 3034	226961010	ase
				SIN# NSP040	0210071352B005	<u>R</u>
□ VIOLATION	MISDEMEAN	NOR CLASS A	☑ CLASS B	UNCLASSIFIE	D(non-person)	Case Number:
U VIOLATION	FELONY	□ CLASS A □ CLA	ASS B SPECIAL		FIED(non-person)	_ ;
You are to app	ear at the: 6TH	CIRCUIT - DISTRICT DI	VISION - CONCORE		Court,	
Address: 32 C	LINTON STREET,	CONCORD, NH 0330	1-2359		County: MERRIMACK	
Time: 08:0	MA 0	Date:	11/19/2021		1000000 pp 000 8 00 - Republished to 100 kg 40 kg/m244 40 to 1	
Under penalty	of law to answe	er to a complaint char	ging you with the f	ollowing offense:		
THE UNDERSIG	NED COMPLAIN	IS THAT: PLEASE PRIN	IT			
GRINNELL		TERESE	-	-		
Last Name		First Name			Middle	
7337 OAK HILL	RD	LOUDON		NH	03307	
Address		City		State	Zip	S
FEMALE	WHITE	507	175	GREEN	RED OR AUBURN	Charge ID:
Sex	Race	Height	Weight	Eye Color	Hair Color	
07/06/1973		NHL17447952		NH		1
DOB		License #:		OP License State		
□COMM.VEH.		COMM.DR.LIC.	□HAZ.MAT.	□16+PASSENGER		
AT: 17 INSTITU	JTE DR, CONCOR	RD, NH 03301				
On 10/13/2021	at 11:00AM in	MERRIMACK County	NH, did commit the	offense of:		
RSA Name:		DERLY CONDUCT				
Contrary to RSA	A: 644:2					3
Inchoate:						
(Sentence Enha	ncer):					
And the laws of	New Hampshir	e for which the defen	dant should be hel	d to answer, in th	nat the defendant did:	
					erly conduct of business	
					Training Council facility	
					mpshire State Troopers	;
that continued	verbal disruptio	ns would result in arr	est, to wit <mark>yell "Am</mark>	en" , / /.	OIT	
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		CHARLES O'LEARY		HAMPSHIRE STA	TE POLICE - TROOP D	
Complainant Sig	nature	Complainant Printe	d Name Com	plainant Dept.		

Making a false statement on this complaint may result in criminal prosecution.

Oath below not required for police officers unless complaint class A misdemeanor or felony (RSA 592-A:7.I). Personally appeared the above named complainant and made oath that the above complaint by him/her

subscribed is, in his/her belief, true.

1115/2021 Date

NH-JB-2962-D(6/27/2016)

EXHIBIT 2





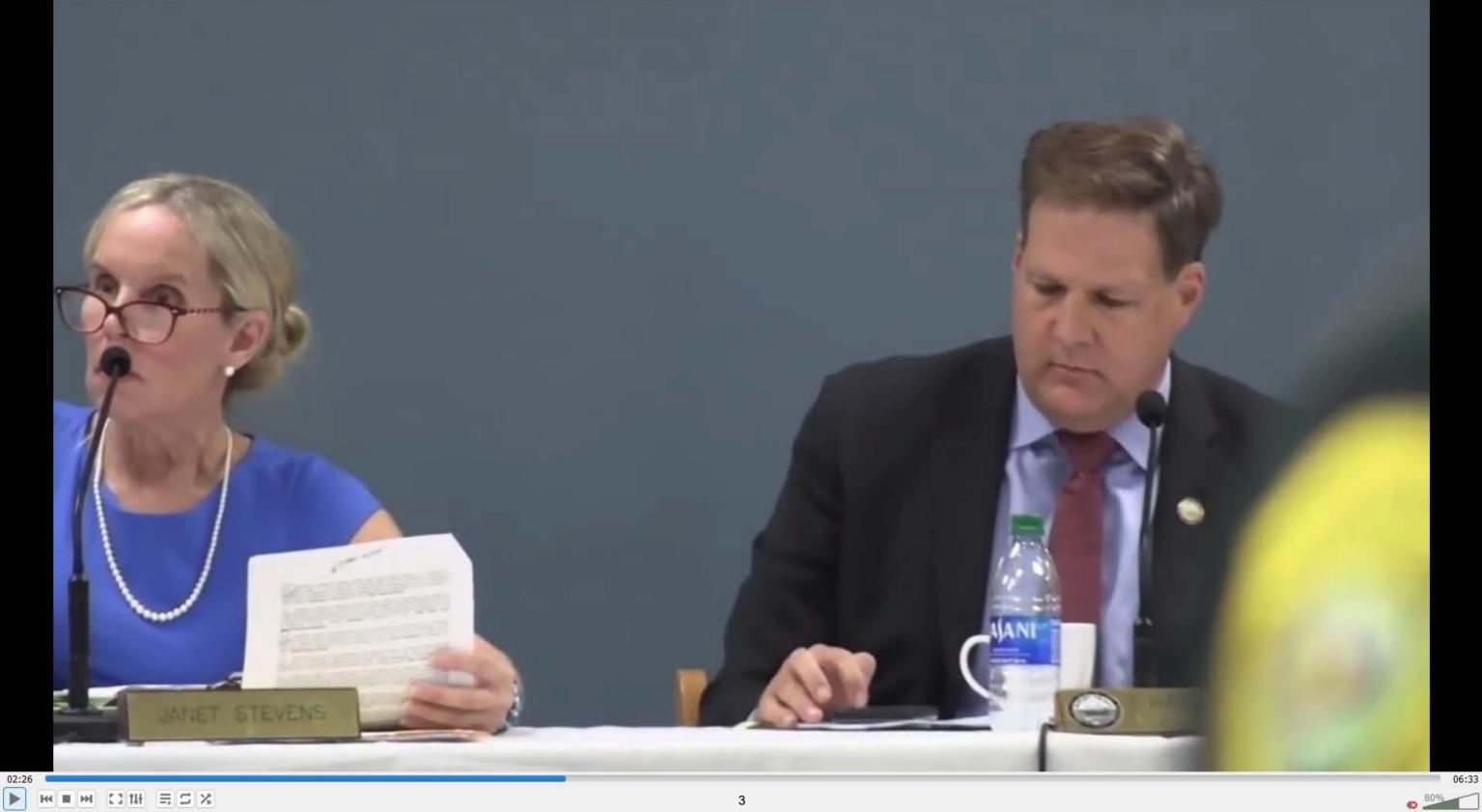


























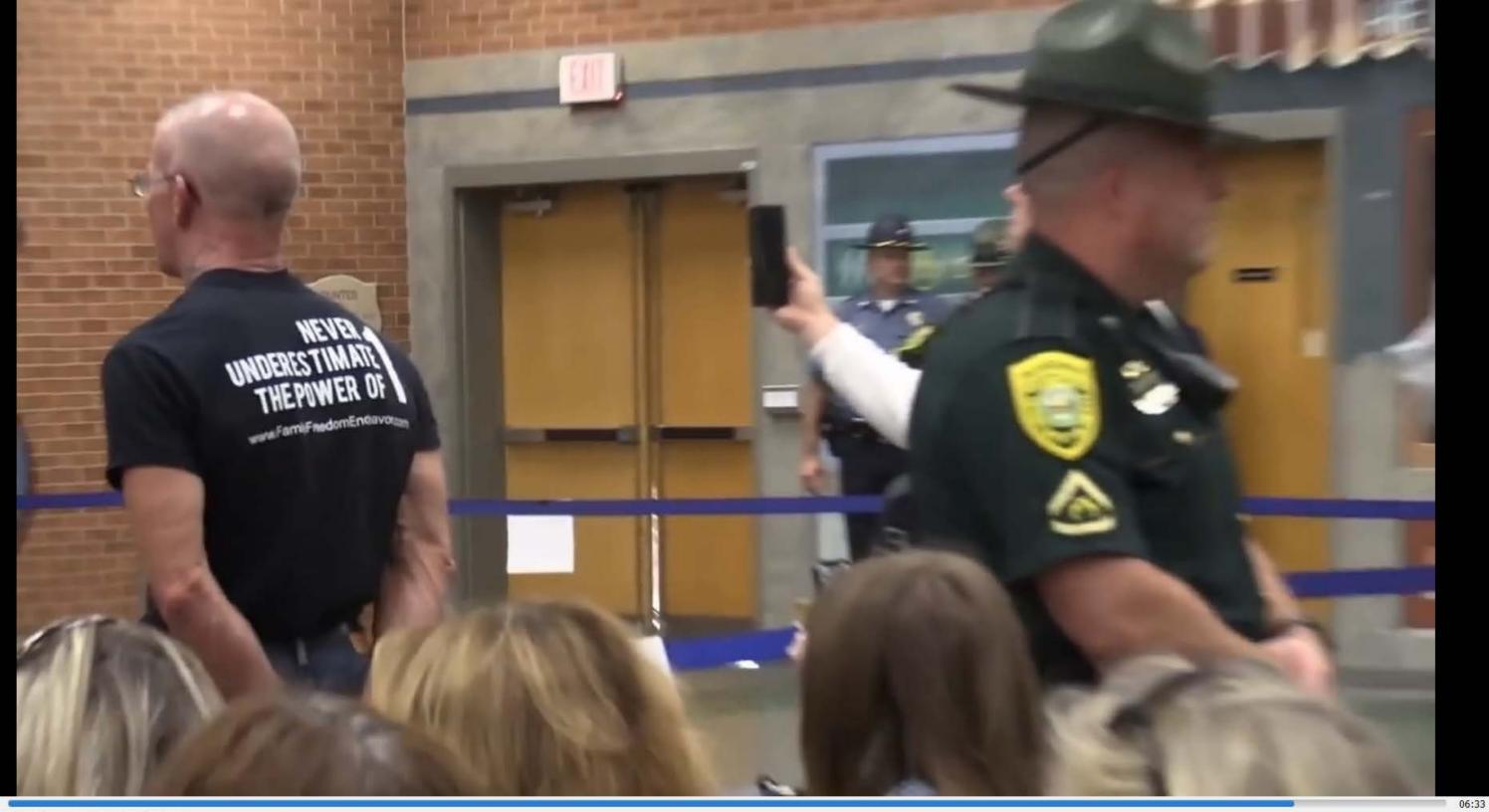


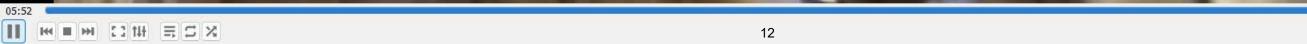














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